C EPODOC / EPO

PN - JP64003047 A 19890106

PD - 1989-01-06

PR - JP19870067428 19870320; JP19860238947 19861006

OPD - 1986-10-06

TI - GRANULAR INORGANIC COMPACT AND PRODUCTION THEREOF

IN - NAKAMURA SEISHIROASADA MASAYUKI; OGAMI KATSUTOSHI

PA - KURARAY CO

IC - A61L27/00 : C04B35/00

O WPI / DERWENT

 Granular inorganic compact - contg. particle of specified dia.-length ratio pref. mainly of calcium phosphate, useful as bone filler an enzyme or catalyst support

PR - JP19870251845 19871005;JP19860238947 19861006;JP19870067428 19870320

PN - JF64003047 A 19890106 DW198907 007pp

- JP2506826B2 B2 19960612 DW199628 C04B35/447 006pp

PA - (KURS) KURARAY CO LTD

- A61L27/00 ;B01J32/00 ;C04B12/02 ;C04B35/00 ;C04B35/447 ;C04B35/622

AB - J64003047 Granular inorganic compact contains at least 80% of particles having 0.5-0.9
A/D when D is max. dia., and A is max. length in vertical direction towards the max. dia., and the position of A crossing with D is within + - 0.3 D from the centre of D.

- The relative density of the compact is, pref., at least 90%, and consists mainly of Ca-phosphate. The inorganic compact is made by compression moulding organic porous body having three dimensional-network in which sinterable inorganic powders are filled to form granular inorganic compact into the pores of the porous body; burning-off the organic porous body and sintering the inorganic compact.
- USE For making granular inorganic compact used as a filler for defective portion of bones, or support for immobilised enzyme and catalyst.

OPD - 1986-10-06

AN - 1989-051924 [29]

O PAJ / JPO

PN - JF64003047 A 19890106

PD - 1989-01-06

AP - JP19870251845 19871005

IN - NAKAMURA SEISHIRO; others02

PA - KURARAY CO LTD

TI - GRANULAR INORGANIC COMPACT AND PRODUCTION THEREOF

 PURPOSE:To readily produce a granular inorganic compact having an uniform shape in high yield, by placing inorganic powder in an organic porous body having a threedimensional network structure, pressing the organic porous body filled with the in organic powder, burning up the organic porous body and simultaneously calcining the formed inorganic compacts in pores.

- CONSTITUTION:Burnable inorganic powder is placed in an organic porous body, such as

none

polyurethane foam, having a three-dimensional network structure to carry out pressing. Inorganic powders consisting essentially of a calcium phosphate and metallic oxides, such as alumina or zirconia, are cited as the above-mentioned inorganic powder. The aforementioned pressing is preferably carried out under a hydrostatic pressure by an isotropic pressure. Thereby granular inorganic compacts are formed in pores of the above-mentioned porous body. The organic porous body is the burned up to simultaneously calcin the inorganic compacts. The calcining is preferably conducted at >=500 deg.C to provide the aimed granular inorganic compact having 0.5-0.9 ratio (A/D) of the maximum length in the direction perpendicular to the maximum diameter (A) to the diameter (D), >=80% particles having intersections of the (A) and (D) within the range of <=0.3D on both sides from the center of the (D) and >=90% relative density is obtained.

- SI A61L27/00
- I C04B35/00